References


Notes
1 To give credit where credit is due, my original *Alternate Routes* article began life as a doctoral paper for a graduate seminar led by Professor Dennis Olsen. While absolving him of any blame for the final product, I wish to thank Dennis for providing a stimulating educational environment, and will put in a plug for his excellent book *The State Elite* (Olsen, 1980), which needs to be ranked along with books by John Porter (1965) and Wallace Clement (1975; 1977) as one of the seminal publications from the Carleton School of Sociology.

2 The post-World War II era of the Cold War resulted in the terminology of First World to describe the developed capitalist countries, generally found in the Northern hemisphere, Second World to describe the nominally socialist countries of the so-called Eastern Bloc, and Third World to describe the underdeveloped countries, found mostly in the Southern hemisphere. Hence the terms North and South are sometimes applied to the First World and Third World. Dependency theorists have also used the term sub-imperialism to describe the larger countries of the Third World, such as Brazil and South Africa. World-systems theorists have used the term semi-periphery to describe these countries, which lie between the centre and periphery in economic and political power. Some authors (e.g., Amin, 2004) now refer to certain countries in Africa, which have been largely marginalized from the world economy, as the Fourth World. This term has also been applied to the situation of many of the world’s indigenous populations.

3 Dependency theorists writing in Canada and elsewhere have applied the concept of centre-periphery relations to political-economic relations within as well as between countries.
With the breakup of the Soviet Union in 1989, we witnessed the same process with the re-peripheralization of countries in Eastern Europe by the West (see, e.g., Rosenberg, 1991).

In my article I had quoted Frobel et al. (1980: 45) as saying that the NIDL “should be understood as an ongoing process, and not a final result.”

See page 12 of my Alternate Routes article (Broad, 1988).

Panitch and Swartz’ book From Consent To Coercion: The Assault On Trade Union Freedoms was updated and expanded twice, most recently as Panitch and Swartz, 1993.

The Child Care Resource and Research Unit at the University of Toronto is a good source for materials on child day care. See www.childcarecanada.org.

The Canadian Centre for Policy Alternatives provides useful studies on employment, poverty and other social issues in Canada. See www.policyalternatives.ca.

The four governments were Canada, the United States, Australia, and New Zealand, but with the subsequent election of a labour government Australia ratified the Declaration.